

# The Coordinated Regional Downscaling Experiment CORDEX

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### General Aims of CORDEX

Generate a coordinated ensemble of high-resolution, historical/future regional climate projections for land-regions of the globe sampling; multiple GCM/RCP/RCM/ESDs methods. 1<sup>st</sup> phase uses CMIP5 historical-projection runs and ERA-interim boundary data

Make data accessible & useable in common format/file structure Now ~99% same as CMIP5 and compatible with ESG2 (SMHI Africa-CORDEX data has been tested on ESG2, will be publicly broadcast late 2012)

Foster coordination between downscaling efforts & encourage local participation, in generating, analysing & communicating potential regional climate change and associated uncertainties & risks

Initial emphasis on African climate & IAV: START/WCRP sponsored 3 analysis/IAV workshops for an Africa-CORDEX team in 2011–12

Similar activities starting for East Asia, South/Central America and South Asia (this week)



### CORDEX DOMAINS (also Arctic & Antarctica)



- 12 domains with a resolution of 0.44° (approx. 50×50km²)
- Initial Focus on Africa
- •High resolution ~0.11°x0.11° for Europe (~6 institutions)

### Examples from Africa-CORDEX



### Evaluation of multi-RCM ERA-interim driven ensemble



#### JAS precipitation Africa-CORDEX RCMs using ERA-interim

![](_page_6_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### JAS precipitation Africa-CORDEX RCMs using ERA-interim

![](_page_7_Figure_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_8_Figure_0.jpeg)

#### West African monsoon: Annual cycle of WAM poleward progression

![](_page_9_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Figure_0.jpeg)

### Interannual variation of west Africa rainfall in Africa-CORDEX RCMs forced by ERA-interim

![](_page_11_Figure_1.jpeg)

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# Africa-CORDEX RCM simulations driven by CMIP5 GCMs Evaluation of the historical period

### **SMHI- RCA4 Africa CORDEX 50km matrix**

GCM	Historical 1950-2005	RCP8.5 2006-2100	RCP4.5 2006-2100	RCP2.6 2006-2100
EC-Earth	<b>v</b>	<b>v</b>	<b>v</b>	~
HadGEM	<b>v</b>	<b>v</b>	<b>v</b>	<b>v</b>
CNRM	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>v</b>	
MIROC5	<b>v</b>	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<b>v</b>	
NorESM	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<b>v</b>	
CanESM	<b>v</b>	~	<b>v</b>	
GFDL-ESM	<b>v</b>	<b>v</b>	<b>v</b>	
MPI-ESM	<b>v</b>	<b>v</b>	<b>v</b>	~
IPSL-CM	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
CSIRO	M	M	$\mathbf{\overline{A}}$	
NCAR			V	

✓ Completed ✓ Running ✓ Planned ☑ Possible

#### Systematic SST errors from CMIP5 GCM historical simulations

![](_page_14_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### GCM precipitation errors reflect the SST error

![](_page_15_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### RCA4 Africa-CORDEX JAS mean precipitation

![](_page_16_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Picture_0.jpeg)

#### Spread generally reduced in RCA4(GCM) compared to GCMs A clear signature of RCA4 physics seen irrespective of forcing GCMs

![](_page_18_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Annual Cycle of precipitation RCA4(GCM/ERA-int) and CMIP5 GCMs

![](_page_19_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Annual Cycle of 2m temperature RCA4(GCM/ERA-int) and CMIP5 GCMs

![](_page_20_Figure_1.jpeg)

## Africa-CORDEX RCM simulations driven by CMIP5 GCMs Evaluating & understanding regional climate change signals

![](_page_22_Figure_0.jpeg)

#### 30 yr annual mean, RCA4 ensemble mean temperature change

![](_page_23_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Figure_0.jpeg)

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![](_page_27_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_29_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Figure_0.jpeg)

#### Seasonal mean precipitation change RCP8.5 2071-2100 vs 1971-2000

**JFM** 

-80

-60

-40

-20

0

![](_page_34_Figure_2.jpeg)

20

40

60

80

![](_page_34_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Figure_4.jpeg)

#### Same RCM different GCM boundaries: Precipitation changes

![](_page_35_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Precipitation (pr) | JAS | CTL: 1971-2000 | SCN: 2071-2100 | rcp85

![](_page_36_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Precipitation (pr) | OND | CTL: 1971-2000 | SCN: 2071-2100 | rcp85

![](_page_37_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### P-E (pr-evspsbl) | OND | CTL: 1971-2000 | SCN: 2071-2100 | rcp85 ENS. MEAN (CTL) RCA4 (CNRM-CM5) ENS. MEAN RCA4 (CanESM2) 6 4 2 P-E absolute change 0 -2 RCP85 end of century RCA4 (EC-EARTH) RCA4 (NorESM1-M) RCA4 (MIROC5) RCA4 (HadGEM2-ES) -4 -6 mm/day RCA4 (MPI-ESM-LR) RCA4 (GFDL-ESM2M) P-E (pr-evspsbl) | OND | CTL: 1971-2000 | SCN: 2071-2100 | rcp85 RCA4 (CanESM2) ENS. MEAN (CTL) RCA4 (CNRM-CM5) ENS. MEAN mm/day SCI 3 -2 -1 0 -2 RCA4 (NorESM1-M) RCA4 (MIROC5) RCA4 (EC-EARTH) RCA4 (HadGEM2-ES) -4 -6 mm/day P-E percent change RCA4 (GFDL-ESM2M) RCA4 (MPI-ESM-LR) RCP85 end of century % (SCN-CTL)/CTL 20 -80 -60 -40 -20 40 60 80 n

#### Soil moisture (mrso) | JAS | CTL: 1971-2000 | SCN: 2071-2100 | rcp85

![](_page_39_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_40_Figure_0.jpeg)

Soil moisture (mrso) | OND | CTL: 1971-2000 | SCN: 2071-2100 | rcp85

# And now South Asia.....